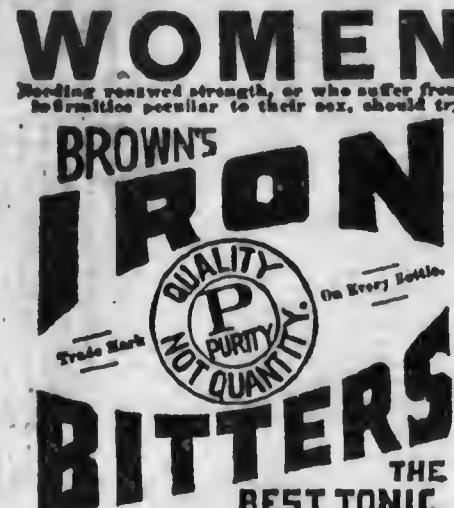


THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1887

NUMBER 1.



FALL IMPORTATIONS.

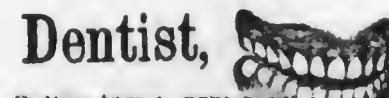
Window Glass, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Sponges, Snaps, Combs, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c., &c.

My stock of Pure Drugs and Chemicals is always complete. All at the lowest price or reliable goods.

No prescriptions a specialty at all hours.

J. JAMES WOOD, DRUGGIST.

D. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,



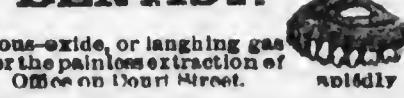
Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

D. W. S. MOORE,



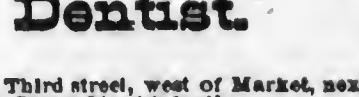
Office: Second Street, over Rummel & Hocken's dry goods store. Nitro-oxide gas administered in all cases.

T. H. N. SMITH,



Nitro-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

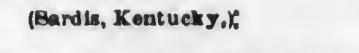
G. M. WILLIAMS,



Office: Third street, west of Market, next door to Dr. James Shackleford's.



DR. W. H. ANDERSON,



(Bardis, Kentucky.)

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

Office at drug store. 01260.

JOHN CRANE,



—Home, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, north side of Fourth between Market and Limehouse streets.

WALL & WORTHINGTON,

{ GARRETT S. WALL,
E. L. WORTHINGTON

Attorneys and Counselors at Law

Will practice in all courts in Mason and adjoining counties and in the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. All collections given prompt attention.

S. J. DAUGHERTY,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS.

Honorable, &c. The largest stock of the latest designs. The best material and work ever offered in this section of the state, at reduced prices. Those wanting work in Granite or Marble are invited to call and see for themselves Second street, Maysville.

ALAN D. COLE,



LAWYER,

Will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to Collections and to Real Estate. Court street, Maysville, Ky.

ECHOES OF THE GALLOWS.

WHO CUT THE ROPE THAT LET THE ANARCHISTS DROP?

An Open Question That is Just Now Interesting a Great Many People—The Once

Who Erected the Scaffold in the Chicago Jail Are Unknown to the Public.

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 23.—Since the Anarchists went to their death in Chicago, there has been considerable inquiry regarding the man who cut the rope. Rumor has connected the work with the names of several parties residing in various parts of the country, but the individual who was apparently the most prominently identified by the public in relation to the case is Mr. C. L. Pendleton, who lives near Leslie, Mich.

The residents of the town have been suspecting him for some time of being the man who cut the rope, and they believe that he is employed in various cities to hang criminals. For this reason his neighbors and former associates shun him as they would a leper. That they are wrong in their suspicion has been proved, but the fact remains that Mr. Pendleton built the scaffold on which the men were hung. A reporter called on him at his home, three miles northwest of Leslie, pleasantly located on one of the most productive farms in central Michigan.

When the object of the visit was stated he entered freely, into a conversation relative to the matter. For two years previous to '85 Mr. Pendleton resided in Chicago. Five years immediately preceding his removal to this state he was in the employ of the city as chief of the fire department, and also had entire supervision of the public building and repairing. It was while serving in the latter capacity that he came into prominence in the criminal record of Chicago. When Sherry and Conley were executed in '79 for the murder of O'Connell, Pendleton erected the scaffold. When Tracey was throttled several years later for the killing of an officer, Pendleton again built the gallows. In '88 another execution was added to the list. Jacobson, an easily angered character, in an unguarded moment permitted his temper to get the best of him and slew an unarmed woman who owed him a dollar. Pendleton again built the gallows.

Successing this event the government of the city passed out of the Republican control, and in the administration that followed Pendleton was among the first who ceased to draw revenue from the city coffers. It was then he moved here. When he departed from Cook county Mr. Pendleton thought he had abandoned his former occupation, but his skill was again in demand in the spring of the present year when the three sons of Italy were hanged for murdering a comrade, when Mr. Pendleton built the gallows.

This scaffold was taken apart and placed in the jail basement for future use. November 11 it was again placed in position, but by other hands than Mr. Pendleton's, and the four Anarchists drew their last breath on it. The assertion that he cut the rope in the last great National hanging scene, is positively denied by Pendleton, and that he was at home, and not out of Leslie during the week of the execution is proved. However, the gentleman ventures the remark that he knows who did cut the cord which held four men on the brink of the grave, but positively refuses to divulge the name, merely volunteering the information that he is not a resident of Michigan.

To Provide for the Destitute Families.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—The delegates from twenty-one singing societies, ten Turner societies and the Central Labor union met last evening and made arrangements for the entertainment for the benefit of the families of the Anarchists at Battery D, December 10. The program will consist of ten numbers in two parts, besides the athletic entertainment and addresses in English and German. The musical portion will be provided by an orchestra of forty pieces, a chorus of six hundred voices and a few soloists. It was reported that 12,000 tickets are already sold.

HADDOCK MURDER TRIAL.

New Testimony Contradicting Arensdorf's Defense is an Important Particular.

SHOU CITY, Iowa, Nov. 23.—The first witness made by the prosecution in the second trial of John Arensdorf, the brewer, for the murder of the prohibition advocate, Rev. George C. Haddock, was developed to court yesterday.

Ex-Superintendent of Water Works Robson testified that Arensdorf left Junk's saloon in company with the other defendants and that he saw him go west with the same party to the scene of the murder. He watched them going in that direction for over one hundred feet. The cross-examination did not break the force of the direct testimony. In the former trial Arensdorf sought to establish an alibi by testimony that he came out of Junk's and went east from the scene of the murder.

Only three witnesses were examined in the Arensdorf murder case yesterday, Alderman Grady, John Robson, and Albert Koschinski, alias "Bismarck." Bismarck, who turned state's evidence, testified as an eye-witness to the act of murder, charging it positively upon Arensdorf, and he was not shaken by cross-examination. John Robson gave evidence point blank against Arensdorf's alibi, swearing positively that the defendant did not come east, but went west from Junk's saloon on Fourth street.

SPREADING LEPROSY.

High-Handed Outrage by a Philadelphia Physician.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—The two unfortunate lepers, Mrs. P. Miranda and her nine-year-old daughter Anita, are now quarantined at the Municipal hospital. It is alleged that Mrs. Miranda was advised to keep the secret of her disease by Dr. Van Harlingen, and it is also said several prominent physicians were consulted, and the treatment of the lepers begun.

During all this time they were stopping with Mrs. Miranda's widowed sister, Mrs. Nierson, at Twenty-fourth and Wright streets. Mrs. Nierson occupied the same sleeping apartments as the unfortunate leper. When she learned that her sister was being treated by a physician she inquired what her ailment was, but Mrs. Mi-

randas merely replied: "Only a skin disease." Mrs. Nierson learned that Dr. Van Harlingen was her sister's physician, and she visited him, but he refused to tell her what ailed his patient. With her secret buried in her bosom Mrs. Miranda continued to live at Mrs. Nierson's home, while Anita, who is also covered with the marks of leprosy, attended school and played with the school children.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning Mrs. Nierson and a friend visited the health office. They were closely questioned by Dr. J. Howard Taylor, the medical inspector, as to the relationship existing between herself and Mrs. Miranda, and the nature of the latter's disease. Mrs. Nierson was very much exercised for fear the disease might be contagious, and asked if Dr. Van Harlingen was not responsible for his conduct.

"I think it was a high-handed outrage," said Health Officer Patterson.

Mrs. Nierson waited permission to see her sister at once, but was informed by the health board that it would be impossible to grant her request.

It seems to be the opinion that the board of health will send the lepers either to a settlement for lepers in Louisburg or Canada, and that action will be taken by that body at its next meeting.

A Michigan Roman.

DETROIT, Nov. 23.—A romantic case is developed at Grand Rapids to-day. James Howard, of Bangor, Me., was brought west last night and will be tried in the United States court to-day for opening letters addressed to his wife, from whom he separated twenty-five years ago. Howard married Miss Boynton, of Ovid, Mich., removed to Detroit, and in three years afterward disappeared. He was supposed to be drowned. Howard went to Bangor, married, separated from his wife and married a wealthy woman seventy-nine years old. She died, leaving him a fortune. By some means he received letters intended for his Michigan wife. He was apprehended and brought back. He has sons by different women living in Indiana, Michigan, Maine and New York.

Terrible Gas Explosion.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—A tremendous explosion of gas occurred this afternoon in Cunningham & Company's bicycle rooms in the Old Fellows' building. Five persons were hurt, two of them, it is said, fatally. Two gentlemen who were in the rooms at the time of the explosion were hurled violently against the wall, and were picked up stunned and bleeding. The glass was blown across the street and three ladies who were passing the store were badly cut. Many others received slight scratches. The injured men were carried to the hospital. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Hand-Ball Game Disputed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The International hand-ball game between ex-Alderman Philip Casey, of Brooklyn, and John Lawlor, of Dublin, Ireland, which was to have been played to-day at Sweeny's court, in this city, was postponed until next Tuesday, when it will be played in Casey's court, in Brooklyn. Sweeny's court was too small for the number of persons desiring to be present. In order to satisfy those present, the rival champions began a series of exhibition games.

Parents Guilty of a Double Crime.

CORRY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—State Factory Inspector Hooley has for sometime been investigating the matter of the employment of children out of proper age in the cotton mills. According to law the affidavits of the parents of the children are on file in the office of the Inspector. Mr. Hooley will have the police serve fifty warrants charging parents with perjury.

Cigarmakers' Strike Settled.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 23.—The strike at W. K. Grech & Son's cigar manufactory has been sold to the Standard Oil company. The price paid was about \$300,000. Senator Emery, one of the partners, has been a bitter opponent of the Standard Oil bill in the legislature last winter. The sale of the works indicated that he has given up the battle. In an interview yesterday he said: "I have found at last that the Standard is too strong for us."

Effect of Sunday's Storm.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Nov. 23.—The steam barge Yakima, which stranded Sunday night, was released after lightening one hundred tons of merchandise. The propeller Cuba lies in a precarious condition. Her bulkhead compartment, forward of the cargo is full of water. Her pumps keep her water bottom free within three inches from the floor. As yet no part of her cargo of 50,000 bushels of wheat is damaged. A tug, lighter, pump and diver have gone to her assistance.

Shipping Stoves to Germany.

READING, Pa., Nov. 23.—The first shipment of stoves from this city to Germany was made yesterday, a large consignment having left the Reading stove works. These stoves will be forwarded from New York on one of the steamers of the North German Lloyd line to Berlin, Prussia, where an agency has been established. The stove foundries of this city were never so busy, and the employees are working full time in all departments.

Big Bust by a Pickpocket.

TUSCALOOSA, Ill., Nov. 23.—James Martin, a well known farmer of Northern Coles county, while returning on the train from Chicago, where he had been with four car loads of cattle, was robbed of \$1,225 in money by an unknown person. The money belonged to neighbor, for whom he had taken the cattle to the market.

To Pray for the Pope.

MONROVIA, Nov. 23.—Archbishop Fabre has issued a mandatum asking all Roman Catholics in the city to offer prayers for the restoration of the pope's temporal power, when all evil will disappear, and appointing Christmas as a special day for the offering of prayers in honor of the pope's jubilee.

A Sale of O. H. & D. in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—At the real estate exchange yesterday 1,000 shares of Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton preferred stock, par value \$100, were sold at auction at an average price of 5 percent. George W. Daily was the purchaser.

Moore Wilder's Gift to Charity.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—The will of the late Moses Wilder, of Cambridge, bequeathed \$150,000 to charitable institutions upon the death of Mrs. Wilder, who receives his income during her life.

Manors of a Railroad Accident.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 23.—The Milwaukee & St. Paul train was five hours late at Winona, and rumors are about that a serious accident has happened to it.

DISSATISFIED KNIGHTS.

FIRST MEETI'G OF THE "KNIGHTLY KICKERS" IN CHICAGO.

A Convention Called and an Effort Will Be Made to Freeze Out General Master Workman Powder — A Number of Other Discontented Laborers.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 23.—he so-called "Knightly Kickers" held their first local meeting last night, with an attendance of about fifty. Regularly elected delegates were present from five local assemblies, and self-constituted representatives from twenty more.

Charles Seib, secretary of the provisional committee appointed by the thirty-five preceding delegates to all the local assemblies in Cook county, called upon them to elect three delegates to a convention to be held the first Wednesday in December. The local will be assed to withdraw from the general treasury all assessments due from the time of the election to declare an open revolt against the powers that be.

After the usual number of speeches, a committee of five was appointed to draft a circular letter to all the local assemblies in Cook county, calling upon them to elect three delegates to a convention to be held the first Wednesday in December. The local will be assed to withdraw from the general treasury all assessments due from the time of the election to declare an open revolt against the powers that be.

Conventions similar to the one called in Chicago, extended Charles Sub, "will be held all over the United States. We shall obtain control of the Knights of Labor in the large cities in 15 or 16 months. As soon as possible a National convention will be called and a regular organization perfected."

Determined on Eight Hours.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 23.—The Knights of Labor, of Indianapolis, have determined to renew their fight for an eight hour day in all branches of labor, and committees have been appointed to promote the movement not only among employers, but to urge Indiana members of congress to give it their support by using their influence toward requiring that all government contracts shall be let on a basis of eight hour labor.

Parents Guilty of a Double Crime.

CORRY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—State Factory Inspector Hooley has for sometime been investigating the matter of the employment of children out of proper age in the cotton mills. According to law the affidavits of the parents of the children are on file in the office of the Inspector. Mr. Hooley will have the police serve fifty warrants charging parents with perjury.

No Reduction Ordered.

WOODSTOCK, R. I., Nov. 23.—President Coakley, of the Para Rubber company, denies the report that a reduction of wages has been ordered by that company.

DEATH OF EPH. HOLLAND.

The King of Gamblers, and Well Known Politician, Dies in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 23.—Ephraim Holland is dead. To many this information will bring a clasp of thunder from a clear sky. Ephraim for many years was the recognized king in the sporting fraternity of the west, and made Cincinnati the gambler's paradise. His reign only ended a few years ago, when the law tabooed the profession. Ephraim Holland's reputation was National. The shock of his death will be felt from Boston to the Pacific slope. He died last evening at his home, 265 East Sixth street, after only a few days' illness. The indirect cause of his death was a pistol bullet wound in the thigh, received in

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY
ROSSER & McCARTHY
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered in any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or on year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, 1 twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

WEDNESDAY EVEN'G, NOV., 23, 1887.

The Color Question in Ohio Schools.

A special from Ripley says in the case wherein J. S. Atwood and other colored citizens of Ripley brought suit against the Ripley Union School Board, and in which they petitioned the court to compel said board to admit their children in the white schools, Judge Ludden, of the Common Pleas Court, decided in favor of the plaintiffs. Great surprise and indignation was exhibited when it became known. Said one of the members of the board: "We shall carry it to the Supreme Court of Ohio, and if necessary to the Supreme Court of the United States."

The farmers of Fayette County are complaining of the dry weather, stock is suffering and if the little water in the creeks and ponds freez's up the Trans-cript says the situation will be deplorable indeed.

OVER \$500,000 will be distributed among "Uncle Sam's" pensioners the present quarter by General Don Carlos Buell, agent at Louisville. The agent at Knoxville, Tenn., will distribute over \$800,000.

ABERDEEN CLIPPINGS.

The Ohio Valley Mills are shut down this week on account of who.

Miss Anna Howell, who had been the guest of Mrs. Colonel Blumington, left for Columbus, Ohio, Friday last.

The concert on Thanksgiving night promised to be a grand affair and the price of admission being \$1.00 and 5 cents, should insure a crowded house.

Mr. Joseph Hartmann, an old and highly esteemed lady of this place, died last Monday, at the residence of her son, Matt Hartmann. Funeral took place Tuesday evening at 2 o'clock.

We notice in a Parisian, Ky., paper that the death of Mrs. Mille Benson, a well known and much respected lady of Paris of this place. She died at her brother, John W. Benson's, who moved in here to Paducah ten or twelve years ago.

What was it? We have allusion to the phenomenon of Sydney, growing within doors, a camp, practised by all former modes of culture, it being now dark here at 3:30 o'clock as in broad day light.

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IN ANSWER TO A SONNET.

A fair ideal you show me that I deem
Most worthy in a poet's heart to rise,
As I am lovely in the summer skies;
Reflected in your soul as in a stream,
You show me mine own image like a dream,
Of sweet, inspiring womanhood, most wise,
Serene and tender, that with steadfast eyes
The ideal of fair friendliness would seem.

Oh! where a sharper pang than thus to see
Myself, high inn'd in another's heart!
To see and feel with hot reproachful tears
That thus I might have seen, thus should I be!
Thus will I be nor shall that dream depart
Save as the moon retreats when the day appears.
—From "The Heart of the West."

RESTAURANTS IN THE SKIES.

Eating a Meal Above the Chimes of Trinity Church—The Cheap Lunch Rooms.

The latest wrinkle is to get a view with your dinner—a natural chromo, so to speak. For this purpose restaurants have been opened on the eleventh floors of the Field building at the Battery and the Mills building near the stock exchange. You are lifted to these places with less difficulty than you descend to the cellar of the oyster saloon near the stock exchange where you are sometimes invited to lunch because "they make the best cocktails down town." Up above the chimes of Trinity church, almost on the roofs of the two cloud piercing buildings, you find very stylish restaurants and French waiters, and enjoy the felicity of staring at Bartholdi's statue with your soup, Staten Island with your fish, the month of the Hudson river with your toast, and Brooklyn heights with your dessert. When we tire of the view we go to one of two or three incarcerated places on the Bowery Green, to Fulton market for oysters, to John street for chops and ale, in places glossy with mahogany and crowded with oil paintings; or we go one block higher to a wine importer's to get escargots (French for snails), of which we are growing very fond. We get them also from Delmonico, who has three places downtown for those who like to say they go there, at any price.

In the meantime the office boys, porters and younger clerks are enjoying an equal variety of luncheons provided by people who seem engaged in a laudable effort to see who can give the most for ten cents. Chatham street has the four cheapest restaurants in town, named after Bill Tweed, Jim Fisk, Grover Cleveland and Mr. Gladstone, where beef, potatoes, bread and coffee cost that sum. The dairies give bread and milk, pie and milk, or grain and milk in bowls for a dime, and there are a dozen queer and sloppy places where you see crowds of men and a bold display of milk cans on the floor, and cakes, cream puffs, chocolate eclairs and French sugar pastry in a hundred forms on the counters, each cake being three times as large as you will see anywhere else in town. These are the beaneeries, where they sell beef and beans, two eggs, pie and coffee or crackers and milk for ten cents.

Finally, there is no end of French and German places where "regular dinners" are served for from fifteen to fifty cents, the newest of all beating the record with a picture of a three-masted schooner of beer over the words: "This side free with our dinner, fifteen cents."—Julian Ralph, in Pioneer Press.

Early Bird and the Worm.

It was not quite 5 o'clock in the morning. The sun had not yet begun to transact his daily business when a newspaper man, who loves early dew, robins, and other things, took a stroll through Central park. Only two persons from the Fifty-ninth street entrance to the mall disturbed the monotonous chatter of the birds.

A few feet from the music stand was an elderly gentleman with a revolutionary coat and frayed trousers. He carried a cane and wore a restless pair of eyes.

"Out early, my friend," said the reporter, in an off hand style of salute.

"Got to begin my business," said the wiry fellow.

"And what may be the peculiar nature of your business?"

"Well, you see, pard, I'm a professional searcher. I clange with the seasons, just like bonnets and other parts of woman's gear. I'm on hand the first fellow after a big crowd to pick up the crumbs. What's crumb? Why, whatever they drop; knick knacks, jewelry, money. All's fish as comes to my net. Beats the world how much a smart scavenger can pick up after a mob. In the winter time I work the balls and the opera and swell private entertainments, on the outside, after the whole thing is over, and just as soon as it's light; and in the summer I work the parks and picnics and excursions.

"Regular business, though, and you've got to have system in it. Big crowd yesterday (Sunday) on the mall, and here I am. Been here since daybreak, nosing around, and picked up so far \$23.25 change and a brace let. Get in my work before the cops come around. Early bird and the worm, we'll."

"What do you do with the valuables, say jewelry?"

"Watch the 'lost' columns of the papers, and if the reward's half way decent I turn 'em in. Got \$50 last winter for an earring dropped in the gutter in front of the Metropolitan Opera house. When there's no show of an owner I convert 'em on the Bowery. Took in a lot of lace handkerchiefs last winter and a fair stake in cash. But you've got to have eyes to get along in this profession, or be a scoundrel."

"Can you manage to make a living at it?"

"Well, it ain't no national bank, but I've stood off the wolf for five years at it, and the hours ain't so hard as you find in some other professions."—New York Sun.

He Grasped the Situation.

The story is going the rounds that a young lady visited a west end jeweler and told him that her father was going to buy her a pair of diamond earrings, and that she would like to look at some. The jeweler, knowing her father by reputation, spread out a number of costly gems before her. She looked them over critically, and, having selected the most handsome pair, asked if she might take them home and examine them at her leisure. The permission was promptly accorded, and the next day the young lady brought back the earrings and said that she was not quite satisfied with them, and she thought that after all it might be some time before her father would indulge her taste for diamonds. "That's a great pity," replied the jeweler; "I was at the reception last night, and I thought them very becoming to you"—Figaro.

A Philadelphia Sign.

A Philadelphia barber displays a sign which announces that he is "proprietor of facial decorating saloon, tonsorial artist, physiognomical hair dresser and facial operator, cranium manipulator and capillary abridger."—New York Sun.

Remarkable Escape From Death.

NAPOLEON, O., Nov. 23.—Yesterday morning a boy seventeen years old, son of G. W. Ostrand, while adjusting a belt on planer in Dewey & Co.'s stave mill, at E. Ry., this county, was caught by the belt and whirled over the shafting several times before the machinery could be stopped. He passed through a space of less than a foot every time he revolved, and when he was released it was supposed every bone in his body was broken. His clothing was torn into shreds, and he was covered with blood. Physicians were summoned and found that the young man had escaped with a cracked skull and broken leg, besides numerous flesh wounds, and they give it as their opinion that he will recover.

Oil Fire in Findlay.

FINDLAY, O., Nov. 23.—The oil well known as "Infrmary No. 1," situated about three miles west of this city, caught fire yesterday afternoon and is yet burning, with great danger to all the surrounding country. All the frame buildings in the vicinity have been destroyed and the fire has just begun on four 30,000 barrel tanks of oil. The well and tanks are the property of Duke & Meyers, of this city, whose loss will not be less than \$15,000, upon which there is no insurance.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

FURNISHED BY W. A. NORTON,
Salesman for the North West Coast last closed
arranged 4,672 hds. with receipts of 1,269
hds. for the same period. Sales on our market
since Jan. 1st amount to 129,891 hds. Our
market has not developed any new features
in the barley situation this week. Sales on our
market are very much reduced. We hear
oil large sales being made of crops in
the country at from 15 to 20 cents from the
ground up.

The following quotations fairly represent
our market for barley tobacco:

100 lbs.	85
50 lbs.	55
Golden Syrup.	4
Burney, Fancy New.	4
Burney, yellow N. B.	5
Burney, extra C. W.	5
Burney, A. B. D.	75
Burney, granulated B. D.	75
Burney, powdered, per lb.	10
Burney, New Orleans, N. B.	65
Teal, W. B.	65
Head Oil, head light W. B.	15
Hicks, W. B.	15
Hicks, clear sides, per lb.	10
Hicks, Hams, N. B.	10
Hicks, Shoulders, per lb.	10
Hicks, W. B.	10
Hicks, bacon.	10
Flour, Limestone, per barrel.	25
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel.	25
Flour, Mayville, Fancy, per barrel.	25
Flour, Mason County, per barrel.	25
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel.	25
Flour, Louisville Family, per barrel.	25
Flour, Graham, per sack.	25
Honey, per lb.	25
Honey, W. gallon.	25
Meat, per peck.	25
Onions, per peck.	25
Apples, per peck.	25

100 lbs. per peck.

100 lbs. per pe

FRENCH COMPLICATIONS.

M. CLEMENCEAU CALLED ON TO FORM A CABINET.

He Declines the Offer and Gives His Reasons for So Doing—The Great Question of France—Germany and Russia Will Not Fight Over Bulgaria—Foreign.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—M. Clemenceau had a long conference with President Grévy this morning, lasting three hours. It was after the conversations he had yesterday with the former president's of the council and the president's of the two chambers that M. Grévy decided to send for M. Clemenceau as leader of the opposition in the chamber of deputies. M. Grévy asked M. Clemenceau to undertake the formation of a cabinet, adding that he gave him every latitude in the choice of his colleagues. M. Clemenceau, while thanking M. Grévy for having thought of him for the presidency of the council, declined the offer.

He said that he did not shrink from the responsibilities of power, for he was convinced that there was a reform majority in the chamber of deputies. "At another time," said M. Clemenceau, "I would have accepted your offer, Mr. President, but today it is no longer a question of forming a cabinet that we have to solve; we must solve the question of the presidency of the republic. That is why I am obliged to decline your offer." M. Grévy then asked M. Clemenceau whether he would be disposed not to oppose a cabinet, of which the chief leader of the extreme left should himself designate the head. M. Clemenceau likewise refused to agree to any such arrangement giving the same reason as those that had caused him to decline the presidency of the council of ministers.

A long conversation between M. Grévy and M. Clemenceau followed; at times it became pathetic. While doing his best to the indubitable devotion of President Grévy to the republic and acknowledging himself profoundly touched by the old Republican's sincerity, Clemenceau remained inexorable. He declared to Grévy that in resigning he could render a last service to the republic which had suffered from the attack made on the prestige of its president. M. Grévy gave his inquisitor to understand that his refusal to resign was not a settled determination, and that he was willing to discuss the presidential question in a conference, to include besides M. Clemenceau, M. M. Flouquet, De Freycinet and Goblet. This conference took place in the evening and was very animated.

Notwithstanding the fact of all present having pledged themselves to absolute secrecy, it leaked out that M. Clemenceau had again insisted on the necessity of M. Grévy's handing in his resignation.

After consulting those present M. Grévy promised to make known his answer on the morrow. He gave them to understand that his resignation was probable, but that he would prefer in that case to choose his own time, and not appear to yield to the pressure of public opinion.

Germany and Russia Will Not Fight.
BERLIN, Nov. 23.—The North German Gazette, the official organ of Prince Bismarck, in its issue of to-day, states that the interview recently had by Prince Bismarck with the czar was of a most friendly and comprehensive character. The czar complained that the policy of Germany, especially that pursued with regard to Bulgaria, which he declared was directed against Russia's interests, and which letters received at the Russian foreign office conclusively showed.

Prince Bismarck, in reply to this declaration of the czar, indicated that Germany always regarded Bulgaria as lying within the sphere of Russian interests and acted in this spirit whenever no strictly German interests were involved. Prince Bismarck also expressed a desire to see the letters mentioned, and formulated at length Germany's complaints against Russia. The czar was very attentive during Prince Bismarck's recital and promised on his return to St. Petersburg to better inform himself on the matters discussed and arrive at decisions accordingly.

New Yorkers Fighting in London.
LONDON, Nov. 23.—Dan Doherty, of New York, shot Col. George M. Graham, of Rochester, N. Y., last night, inflicting a probably fatal wound. Doherty is under arrest. The shooting grew out of a discussion over a gambling debt. Graham, it is said, told Doherty that a certain sum won from Doherty by a Mr. Howard, of New York, ought to be paid, as it was a debt of honor. Doherty had refused to pay it on the ground that the play was not fair. He became angry at Graham's remark and shot him.

President Cleveland to Be Sued.
SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 23.—The name of Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, appears in a list of delinquents published in the city papers to-day for neglecting to pay an assessment for street paving. A few years ago the government purchased a lot fronting on one of the handsomest avenues in the city. On this lot a postoffice building will be erected. A year ago the avenue was paved with sheet asphalt, and all efforts to have the government pay its share of the cost have been fruitless. The amount due is \$1,249.24. If it is not paid before Friday next a writ will be entered at the prothonotary office, and processes will be issued thereon within ten days thereafter.

Lake Vessel on the Rocks.
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 23.—Last evening the propeller Waverly ran onto the rocks in Whitefish bay. The weather was hazy, and her captain mistook a light at Whitefish bay for North Point Light, and supposed he was heading into Milwaukee bay. There is three feet of water in her hold, and her large cargo of merchandise is more or less damaged. Tugs and the life saving crew have gone to her assistance. There is no danger as long as the cold weather continues. The Waverly carries a crew of twenty-two men, and is valued at \$50,000.

Gas and Coal.
PRINCETON, Ind., Nov. 23.—Princeton is happy over the discovery of a good flow of natural gas at a depth of 618 feet. The drill also developed three veins of fine black coal at a depth of 400, 500 and 600 feet respectively.

Mr. King to Resign.
BALTIMORE, Nov. 23.—It comes from an authoritative source that Mr. Thomas M. King, second vice president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company, will resign the latter part of this week.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Tense and Sprightly Manner.
The empress of Germany is better. Frost and ice at Tampa have killed the yellow jack. The New York club unanimously expelled Col. Gehardt.

Reading, Pa., has shipped her first consignment of stoves to Germany.

Tim Hanly, aged eighteen, was stabbed and killed in a Clarksville, Tenn., dive by Jim Crocker.

Liverpool steamship Douro has been wrecked off Cape Finisterre. Thirteen persons were drowned.

Five hundred coal miners near Sharon, Pa., quit work, demanding an advance of nine cents per ton.

Frank T. Northey, one of the San Francisco jury bribers, was sentenced to nine years' imprisonment.

John Gould, of Marion, Kan., was shot and robbed of \$1,000 by his partner, and his body devoured by coyotes.

At Cambridge City, Ind., Levi Beard, a saloon keeper, shot and killed Cleaves Straub, son of the city marshal.

Joseph Aughton and Joseph Blace quarreled at a dance in Hardin county, Illinois. Blace is dead and Aughton nearly so.

Bushong, of the St. Louis base ball club, has been sold to the Brooklyn for \$4,500, and Welsh, for \$3,000, to the Athletics.

Secretary Whitney, who has been reported very ill, called on the president Monday looking bright as a new dollar.

Constables are arresting those who attended the meeting at Woodford during which O'Brien burned the proclamation.

Forest fires are raging in Davidson, Montgomery and Bedford counties, Tennessee, and it is feared great damage will be done.

Jack McAuliffe is anxious to meet Carney again for \$5,000 a side in addition to the \$4,500 held by the stakeholder of the recent fight.

The ghastly remains of Priscilla Grier, a servant, were found near Alton, Ill., half burned. It is thought she was murdered.

"Baron Von Wallenstein," a noble Austrian, was captured in Pennsylvania for obtaining money under false pretenses in New Haven.

James Jones & Co., Detroit machinery dealers, assigned with A. J. Fay & Co., of Cincinnati, principal creditors; liabilities and assets from \$33,000 to \$40,000.

Two freight trains collided, near Vienna, Ill., and Dan Callard and Frank Barton, engineers; Richard Walker, a brakeman, and a fireman named Schaefer, were instantly killed.

The official vote for treasurer of Pennsylvania was: Hart, Republican, 355,514; McGran, Democrat, 340,265; Irish, Protectionist, 18,471; Know-Nothing, Labor, 8,800; Radical, 45,245. Total 752,151.

The vice commander of the National Veterans' association has issued a general order requesting camps in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky to participate in the ceremonies of unveiling the Garfield statue in Cincinnati, December 1.

The Austrian imperial yacht, with the empress on board, collided with an Italian vessel on the Istrian coast. The empress was awakened by the shock, and ordered her crew to make every effort to save the crew of the vessel. All except one boy was rescued.

The Scottish Miners' federation have adopted resolutions agreeing to work five days a week, eight hours daily. They also resolved that if Mr. Graham, who was arrested a week ago Sunday in Trafalgar square riot, is imprisoned, they will proclaim a National strike in Scotland.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Indications—Fair weather, followed by local rains, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming variable, warmer, followed by colder weather.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Castle Market for Nov. 22.

New York—Money 4½ per cent. Exchange steady. Governments firm.

Currency sixes, 12½; bid four coupons, 12½; four-and-a-half, 10½.

The stock market opened ½ to ¾ per cent. higher on buying for London account, but soon weakened, and at 10:30 was fractionally below last night's figures. Toward 11 o'clock a considerable buying of Ronamond & West Point, and the Vanderbilts was developed, resulting in an advance of midday of ½ to 2 per cent. The market has since been firm.

Bur. of Quar. ... 1½% Michigan Central ... 22

Central Pacific ... 1½% Missouri Pacific ... 24

C. C. & I. ... 10% N. Y. Central ... 10½

Del. & Hudson ... 4½ Northwestern ... 12½

Del. & W. ... 10% do preferred ... 14½

Illinoian Central ... 1½ Ohio & Erie ... 7½

Kansas & Texas ... 2½ Pacific Mail ... 7½

St. Louis ... 10% St. Paul ... 17½

Louisville & Nashville ... 10% Western Union ... 10½

London—Kettle 70%.

Paris—French chickens ... 22 00 23 25

per dozen; four to sixteen, 24 00 25 15.

Wool—Unwashed fine merino, 17 18; one-fourth blood combed, 20 20; medium combed and combed, 24 25; brand, 24 25; medium combed, 26 27; fine washed fine merino & and AA, 28 29; medium clothing, 28 29; delicate lace, 28 29.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$12 00 13 50; No. 2, 11 00 12 50; mixed, 10 00 11 50; prairie, 9 00 10 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, 8 00 9 50.

Cattle—Food to choice butchers, 32 00 37 50

fair to good, 30 00 35 00; common, 28 00 33 50; steers, 26 00 31 50; stockers, 24 00 29 50; receipts, 22 00 27 50.

Beef—Unfatted butchers, \$3 10 25 26; fair to good packing, \$4 00 50; fair to good light, \$4 00 50; common, \$4 00 50; cuts, \$3 00 50.

Sheep—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Lamb—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Goats—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Geese—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Porkers—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Chickens—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Geese—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Peas—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Wheat—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Barley—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Oats—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Corn—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Rye—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Flax—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

Flaxseed—Common to fair, \$1 50 23 25; good to choice, \$1 50 25 28.

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